

## Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning

Director of Planning James E. Hartl, AICP



June 30, 2005

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Los Angeles 383 Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street Los Angeles, CA 90012

Dear Supervisors:

SUBJECT: HEARING ON EXTENSION OF INTERIM ORDINANCE NO. 2005-0042U,

WHICH TEMPORARILY PROHIBITS ESTABLISHMENT OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA DISPENSARIES WITHIN THE UNINCORPORATED

TERRITORY OF THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES (4-VOTES)

## IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOUR BOARD AFTER THE PUBLIC HEARING:

Adopt the attached ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U for a period of 10 months and 15 days.

#### **PURPOSE OF RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

With the adoption of Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U, the Board found that establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries in the unincorporated territory of the County of Los Angeles without regulatory controls in place may adversely impact the public health, safety, and general welfare of County residents. The extension of Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U will allow the Board additional time for the consideration and adoption of appropriate regulations for medical marijuana dispensaries in order to control potential negative impacts of such facilities upon the surrounding community.

## JUSTIFICATION OF RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U will expire on July 15, 2005 unless extended by Board action. The Department of Regional Planning (DRP), in coordination with the Department of Health Services, the Sheriff Department, the Business License Commission and County Counsel, is studying medical marijuana dispensaries and related activities. This study will consider the potential negative secondary effects of such dispensaries on surrounding properties and persons. Negative secondary effects, including an increase in crime in the areas immediately surrounding such dispensaries, have occurred in other communities and are described in the attached declarations. The study will also identify applicable State regulations, survey the regulatory approaches of other California local jurisdictions, and suggest appropriate regulations

Honorable Board of Supervisors June 30, 2005

for the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County. A copy of the DRP's report relating to this study will be submitted to the Board shortly. If this interim ordinance is not extended, some medical marijuana dispensaries may be established in unincorporated County territory that may be in conflict with the contemplated regulations that are being studied.

#### FACTS AND PROVISIONS/LEGAL REQUIREMENTS:

Pursuant to Section 65858 of the Planning and Zoning Law (Title 7 of the California Government Code), Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on May 31, 2005. The urgency measure temporarily prohibits establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries in the unincorporated County area.

The provisions of Section 65858 limit the effective period of Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U to only 45 days. In view of the approaching expiration date, it is recommended that the Interim Ordinance be extended for 10 months and 15 days as provided in Section 65858. The extension would prevent inappropriate development of medical marijuana dispensaries in the County prior to the adoption and effective date of a permanent ordinance that regulates these uses. If Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U is not extended, irreversible incompatible new development of such dispensaries may occur to the detriment of the public health, safety, and general welfare.

Extension of this ordinance requires that the Board conduct a public hearing at which time the ordinance may be extended by not less than a four-fifths vote. Publication of a notice of the public hearing is required not less than 10 days prior to the hearing date.

The proposed Interim Ordinance has been reviewed by County Counsel. A suggested notice of public hearing and a list of persons to be notified are attached.

Respectfully submitted,

DEPARTMENT OF REGIONAL PLANNING

James E. Hartl, AICP Director of Planning

JEH:RDH:LE

Attachments: Interim Ordinance Extension

**Declarations of Law Enforcement Officers** 

Public Hearing Notice

List of Persons to be Notified

c: Larry Hafetz, Principal Deputy County Counsel

## COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES



#### OFFICE OF THE COUNTY COUNSEL

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June 30, 2005

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James E. Hartl, Director Department of Regional Planning 1390 Hall of Records 320 West Temple Street Los Angeles, California 90012

Extension of Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U

Dear Mr. Hartl:

Re:

As requested, enclosed are the analysis and ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U for a period of 10 months and 15 days. The Interim Ordinance was adopted on May 31, 2005, and will expire on July 15, 2005, unless extended. If the Interim Ordinance is extended by the enclosed ordinance, it will expire on May 30, 2006.

The Interim Ordinance temporarily prohibits the establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries within the unincorporated territory of the County pending a study to determine the appropriate zones, development standards, and regulations for these establishments. The extension of the Interim Ordinance will allow this study to continue, and will also allow the Department of Regional Planning to evaluate the impact, if any, that the recent United States Supreme Court case of Gonzales, et al. v. Raich, et al., 125 S.Ct. 2195 (June 6, 2005), has on any land use regulations that the Board of Supervisors may consider in regulating these facilities. The Gonzales case was decided after the initial Interim Ordinance was adopted.

We understand that this extension ordinance is set for public hearing before the Board of Supervisors on July 12, 2005.

The ordinance and its analysis may be presented to the Board of Supervisors for its consideration.

Very truly yours,

RAYMOND G. FORTNER, JR.

**County Counsel** 

By A Haffetz
LAWRENCE L. HAFFETZ

Principal Deputy County Counsel

Public Works Division

LLH:di Enclosures

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#### **ANALYSIS**

This ordinance extends Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U ("Interim Ordinance") for a period of 10 months and 15 days. The Interim Ordinance was originally adopted on May 31, 2005, and will expire on July 15, 2005, unless extended. If the Interim Ordinance is extended by this ordinance, it will expire on May 30, 2006.

This Interim Ordinance temporarily prohibits establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries within the unincorporated territory of the County of Los Angeles ("County") while a study is conducted to determine the appropriate zones and development standards for these dispensaries, as well as any other use regulations that should apply to such establishments

This Interim Ordinance is an urgency measure and requires a four-fifths vote by the Board of Supervisors. It will expire on May 30, 2006.

RAYMOND G. FORTNER, JR.

**County Counsel** 

Ву

LAWRENCE L. HAFETZ

Principal Deputy Counsel

**Public Works Division** 

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6/28/05 (requested) 6/28/05 (revised)

ORDINANCE NO.	OR	DINA	ICE NO	).				
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An ordinance extending Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U, temporarily prohibiting establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries within the unincorporated territory of the County of Los Angeles, declaring the urgency thereof, and that this ordinance shall take effect on July 15, 2005.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Los Angeles ordains as follows: **SECTION 1. Findings.** 

- A. In 1996, the voters of the State of California approved Proposition 215 (codified as Health and Safety Code section 11362.5 et seq., and entitled "The Compassionate Use Act of 1996") ("Act") to enable persons who are in need of marijuana for specified medical purposes to obtain and use marijuana under limited, specified circumstances. The State legislature also enacted Senate Bill 420 in 2003 to clarify the scope of the Act, allowing local governments to adopt and enforce rules and regulations consistent with Senate Bill 420.
- B. There are currently no ordinances in the Los Angeles County Code ("Code") specifically regulating or monitoring the location, zoning standards, or other aspects of the facilities where medical marijuana will be dispensed to eligible persons under the Act.
- C. The Code does not provide specific development regulations or definitions relative to the use or placement of dispensaries intended for the distribution of marijuana for medicinal purposes.

- D. Los Angeles County ("County") has made a conscientious effort to plan for specific uses within all zone districts and to anticipate conflicts between competing land uses in order to protect the public's health, safety, and welfare.
- E. The County has received several inquiries regarding applications for medical marijuana dispensaries.
- F. The establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries without appropriate rules and regulations would result in the creation of negative secondary effects such as an increase in crime in the areas immediately surrounding such dispensaries and an irreversible incompatibility of land uses. Reports show that jurisdictions such as the City of West Hollywood, Alameda County, and the City of Anaheim have received and investigated a number of complaints of violent criminal activity, including armed robberies and burglaries, at or near medical marijuana dispensaries. Such criminal activity is the type of negative secondary effect associated with the presence of medical marijuana facilities that a zoning study will seek to limit.
- G. In order to allow time for the County to consider and study possible enactment of the implementing regulations, it is necessary to suspend the approval and establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries that may be in conflict with the development standards and implementing regulations the County intends to consider or study within a reasonable time.

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- H. A moratorium will provide the County the time to draft and adopt regulations consistent with the Act and Senate Bill 420 that will regulate the location and operation of medical marijuana dispensaries that will be consistent with the Code and compatible with surrounding neighborhoods.
- I. A moratorium will also provide the County time to evaluate the impact, if any, that the recent United States Supreme Court case of Gonzales, et al. v. Raich, et al., 125 S.Ct. 2195 (June 6, 2005) has on any land use regulations that the Board may consider in regulating these facilities. The Gonzales case found that federal law prohibiting the possession, use, and distribution of marijuana is enforceable in California as to those persons who are eligible to use marijuana under the Act. The Supreme Court reasoned that Congress has the authority under the Commerce Clause to prohibit the local cultivation and use of marijuana for medicinal purposes, even if that activity is in compliance with California law. The result of the opinion is that, unless Congress acts to change federal law, medical marijuana users in California will be subject to federal prosecution under existing federal law.

#### SECTION 2. Interim Prohibition.

From and after the date of this ordinance, no use permit, variance, building permit, or any other entitlement for use shall be approved or issued for the establishment or operation of, and no person shall otherwise establish, a "medical marijuana dispensary" for a period of 10 months and 15 days.

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For purposes of this ordinance, "medical marijuana dispensary" shall mean any facility or location where marijuana is made available, sold, transmitted, given, or otherwise provided to qualified individuals in accordance with the Act.

## **SECTION 3. Urgent Need.**

This extension of the Interim Ordinance is urgently needed for the immediate preservation of the public health, safety, and general welfare, and it shall take effect immediately upon the expiration of Interim Ordinance No. 2005-0042U, which will expire on July 15, 2005, and the extended Interim Ordinance shall be of no further force and effect 10 months and 15 days following the date it becomes effective, unless further extended in accordance with the provisions set forth in California Government Code section 65858.

#### **SECTION 4. Authority.**

California Government Code section 65858 provides that an urgency measure in the form of an Interim Ordinance may be adopted without prior public notice by a four-fifths vote of the board of supervisors, which shall be effective for only 45 days following its date of adoption. Government Code section 65858 further provides that such an urgency measure may be extended following compliance with that section for an additional 10 months and 15 days beyond the original 45-day period, and it can be extended a second time for an additional one year.

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#### **SECTION 5. Penalties.**

The definitions and penalties for land use violations that are prescribed in Title 22 of the Los Angeles County Code shall apply to violations of the provisions of this Interim Ordinance.

#### SECTION 6. Severability.

If any provision of this Interim Ordinance or the application thereof to any persons or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of the Interim Ordinance are hereby declared to be severable.

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#### Declaration of Sergeant Robert McMahon

- I, Sergeaut Robert McMahon, declare:
- I am a Sergeant in the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. I am assigned to 1. the Narcotics Bureau, West Hollywood Station and make this declaration in support of Los Angeles County's Reply Brief In Support of Preliminary Injunction.
- Since January of 2004, there have been about 6 to 8 known medical marijuana 2. dispensaries operating in West Hollywood. Several of the dispensaries have had calls for service, each reporting various criminal activity suspected or having occurred at the location.
- Since January, 2004, the dispensary operating at 7906 Santa Monica Blvd., West 3. Hollywood has had three calls for service. On January 10, 2004 a call came in reporting a PC 245(A)(1) Assault with a deadly weapon and a PC 594 Vandalism. On June 3, 2004 a call came in reporting a Obstruction of street, sidewalk or other place open to public.
- From June 21, 2004, the dispensary operating at 7213 Santa Monica Blvd., West 4. Hollywood, "LA Patients and Caregivers", has had 3 calls for service. On February 19, 2005, there was a 211 (robbery with a firearm) reported to have occurred. The incident occurred at 6:15 a.m. Seven witnesses reported that one of the 2 suspects pointed a handgun at one of the witnesses and ordered several of the witnesses into the rear of the building where they were packaging medical marijuana for sale to patients.
- The dispensary operating at 7828 Santa Monica Blvd., West Hollywood, doing 5. business as "Alternative Herbal Health Services" has had to call the LA County Sheriff on two occasions. On May 15, 2005, there was a 211 and a 245(A)(1), Assault with a deadly weapon reported to have occurred. The incident happened at 4:25 p.m. during normal business hours. Four of the five suspects were armed with handguns and threatened several witnesses. One of the victims reported being "pistol whipped" when he told the suspect he was unable to get him into the safc.

6. The dispensary located at 1209 La Brea Avé., West Hollywood, has had two requests for service. Further, on May 6, 2005, LAPD served a search warrant at this location based on probable cause and presented before the Honorable Judge S. Smith, Los Angeles County Superior Court.

7. The above facts are within my personal knowledge and I am competent to testify to their truth if called as a witness.

I declare under of perjury under laws of State of California that the forgoing is true and correct.

Executed this 27th day of June, 2005.

Sergeant Robert McMahon Los Angeles County Sheriff

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# **Declaration of Lieutenant Dale Amaral**

I, Lieutenant Dale Amaral, declare:

- I am a Lieutenant in the Alameda County Sheriff's Department. I am in charge of 1. the investigating units of the Eden Township Subdivisions of the Alameda County Sheriff's Department. All of the medical marijuana dispensaries in the unincorporated areas of the County fall under my jurisdiction. I make this declaration in support of Los Angeles County's Reply Brief In Support of Preliminary Injunction.
- Since January of 2005, there have been four reported incidents of criminal activity 2. that have occurred in Alameda County at or near a medical marijuana dispensary.
- On January 12, 2005, Alameda County Sheriff deputies responded to a report of 211 (strong arm robbery) that occurred at 159th Avenue and East 14th Street, San Leandro, California. The incident involved a patron of a business operating as a medical marijuana dispensary and doing business as "The Health Center" located at 15998 East 14th Street, San Leandro, California. After making a purchase from The Health Center, the patron was robbed by two suspects less than a quarter mile away from The Health Center. The incident occurred at around 5:40 p.m.
- On February 6, 2005, Alameda County Sheriff deputies responded to a report of 4. 211 (armed robbery) that occurred at 21222 Mission Boulevard, Hayward, California. The incident involved a business operating a medical marijuana dispensary and doing business as "Compassionate Collective of Alameda County" (CCAC). The incident occurred around 4:50 p.m. during normal business hours inside CCAC. Two suspects both armed with handguns entered CCAC and took marijuana and cash. The victims of the robbery included the security guard of CCAC. Several employees of CCAC were threatened by the two armed suspects.
- On April 27, 2005, Alameda County Sheriff deputies responded to a report of 459 (burglary) that occurred at 15998 East 14th Street, San Leandro, California. The incident involved a business operating a medical marijuana dispensary and doing business as "The Health Center". The incident occurred at around 3:05 a.m. Someone had entered The Health Center and triggered the alarm.

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6. On May 24, 2005, Alameda County Sheriff deputies responded to a report of 211 (robbery) that occurred at 16360 Foothill Boulevard, San Leandro, California. The incident involved a patron of a business operating a medical marijuana dispensary and doing business as "A Natural Source". After making a purchase, the patron of A Natural Source was robbed by three suspects in the rear parking lot of A Natural Source.

The above facts are within my personal knowledge and I am competent to testify to their truth if called as a witness.

I declare under of perjury under laws of State of California that the forgoing is true and correct.

Executed this 27th day of June, 2005.

Lieutenant Dale Amaral

Alameda County Sheriff's Department

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I, Sergeant Tim Miller, declare:

1. I am the Supervisor of the Anaheim Police Department's Street Narcotic Unit. I make this declaration in support of Los Angeles County's Reply Brief In Support of Preliminary

Injunction.

2. As the Supervisor of our Department's Street Narcotic Unit, last month I prepared a report in support of the City of Anaheim's proposed Medical Marijuana Emergency Ordinance.

3. The contents of the report, which is described in more detail below, provides background information regarding Proposition 215, codified under the California Health and Safety Code as 11362.5 and Senate Bill 420, which clarifies the scope of Proposition 215; the availability of marijuana; how other jurisdictions are dealing with the medical marijuana issues; and the impact that medical marijuana is having on Anaheim.

## PROPOSITION 215

4. Proposition 215, otherwise known as the Compassionate Use Act of 1996, was approved by California voters to "ensure seriously ill Californians the right to obtain and use marijuana for medical purposes where that medical use is deemed appropriate and has been recommended by a physician who has determined that the person's health would benefit from the use of marijuana in the treatment of [specified illnesses]." This proposition is codified under the California Health and Safety Code ("H & S") as 11362.5, and allows personal possession and cultivation of marijuana for medical purposes. This section does not provide the patient with absolute immunity from arrest, but provides limited immunity allowing the patient to raise a medical use defense.

As originally enacted, there is no specificity as to the strength, quality or quantity of marijuana to be used for medical purposes, as long as it is related to the patient's medical need and is recommended by a physician.

Senate Bill 420 was signed into effect January 1, 2004, to clarify the scope of Proposition 215, and to allow cities and counties to adopt and enforce rules and regulations regarding the Act. SB 420 also specifies, under 11362.77 H&S an acceptable amount - eight HOAJ05731.1

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ounces of dried marijuana plus 6 mature or 12 immature plants per qualified patient.

There is still no legislation dealing with strength or quality of marijuana. Since the origin of marijuana is also unregulated by the government, it can be obtained by patients through a variety of sources. It may be obtained through a health care provider, a cannabis club, cooperative, or illicitly on the black market.

Delta 9 Tetrahydrocannibinol or THC, is the active ingredient in marijuana. Its presence in marijuana varies greatly depending on a variety of factors, such as geographic origin, plant lineage, method of growth, etc. The percentage of THC present in marijuana commonly available, ranges from 3.5% to almost 40%. The effects marijuana has on a user vary greatly depending upon the strength of the marijuana (amongst other factors).

## AVAILABILITY

patients obtain marijuana for medical purposes. Simply put, there are no government owned or operated marijuana cultivations, warehouses or retail outlets for medical marijuana. The law only designates a "qualified patient" or "primary caregiver" to grow, obtain or possess medical marijuana. If a "qualified patient" or "primary caregiver" does not cultivate marijuana, it is obtained either illicitly by the patient or caregiver or someone else who supplies it to them. Patients may also purchase marijuana through mail order services from Northern California and other regions.

Patients attempting to obtain marijuana legally may do so through over two dozen medical marijuana dispensaries, cannabis clubs, collectives and cooperatives in Southern California. Numerous dispensaries, etc. exist in Los Angeles County along with at least two in Orange County, including one currently operating in Anaheim. The number of businesses appears to be expanding at a rapid rate in both Los Angeles and Orange Counties. Many of the dispensaries and primary caregivers will deliver the marijuana to the patient at home or a care facility.

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### OTHER JURISDICTIONS

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Different jurisdictions have dealt with the medical marijuana issues in a variety of 6. ways throughout the state. One jurisdiction in Los Angeles County researched the concept of having a City operated and regulated dispensary, however the project was discontinued prior to implementation. Recently, the cities of Lake Forest, Ontario, Woodland (Northern California), Stockton, Simi Valley and Redlands have all established a 45-day moratorium on businesses selling medical marijuana, allowing the cities additional time to further decide future action regulating or prohibiting medical marijuana dispensaries.

The City of Huntington Beach adopted a temporary moratorium on medical marijuana facilities in February, and is now considering regulating the establishment and operation of such facilities. The Northern California Cities of Oakland, Hayward, Elk Grove, Citrus Heights, Roseville, Auburn, Plymouth and Dixon have adopted ordinances to regulate the establishment and operation of medical marijuana facilities.

In July 2004, the Northern California City of Rocklin approved and adopted a zoning ordinance effectively prohibiting medical marijuana dispensaries in their jurisdiction. This ordinance has not been challenged to date. The City of Cost Mesa has drafted an ordinance prohibiting medical marijuana dispensaries in their jurisdiction, and the document is pending review for City Council approval.

## IMPACT ON ANAHEIM

The "420 Primary Caregivers" at 421 N. Brookhurst Street, Suite #130, Anaheim, 7. obtained a business license from the City of Anaheim on May 19, 2004. The type of business was listed as a primary caregiver. By the fall of 2004, the Police Department began to receive complaints from neighboring businesses in the multi-unit complex regarding "420 Primary Caregivers." The complaints centered around the ongoing sales of marijuana to subjects who did not appear to be physically ill, the smell of marijuana inside the ventilation system in the building, and the repeated interruption to neighboring businesses. In January 2005, the "420 Primary Caregivers" business and employees were robbed at gun point by three masked suspects who took both money and marijuana from the business. Business owners in the same complex as the "420 -3-HOA-305731.1

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Primary Caregivers" feared that additional robberies would occur at the business or they would be the victim of a robbery or violent crime.

On April 5, 2005, members of the Anaheim Police Department met with the Property Management Company, owners and representatives from the businesses at 421 Brookhurst Street to discuss their concerns. Safety was the main issue for the employees of businesses near "420 Primary Caregivers." Many businesses believed they would become victims of a robbery or shooting, based on the previous robbery. Patrons were also scared to use the public restrooms in the complex because of the perception that many customers at "420 Primary Caregivers" were criminals not patients. Patrons were also concerned about the use of marijuana in the parking lot surrounding the complex, the strong marijuana odor in the ventilation system, and continued interruption of neighboring businesses by "420 Primary Caregivers" customers. Many businesses believed they were losing their own clients based on the clientele of "420 Primary Caregivers" hanging around the courtyard and parking area of the complex.

Two businesses have ended their lease with the Property Management Company and have moved. A law office who was a ten year occupant at the property, moved out of Anaheim to another city citing, "marijuana smoke has inundated [their office] .... and they can no longer continue to provide a safe, professional location for ... clients and employees." A health oriented business has terminated their lease after six years and moved out of the complex, citing their business is repeatedly interrupted and mistaken multiple times each day for "the store that has marijuana." The owner "fears he or his employee may be shot if they are robbed by mistake and the suspects do not believe they do not have marijuana." The property manager indicated at least five other businesses have inquired about terminating their lease for reasons related to "420 Primary Caregivers."

Another community concern is the proximity of "420 Primary Caregivers" to schools, community centers and parks. "420 Primary Caregivers" is operating in close proximity to Brookhurst Junior High School and a Day Care Center, the Brookhurst Community Center, Brookhurst Park, and Dad Miller Golf Course. Also nearby are Fairmont High School, Melbourne Gauer and Juliette Low Elementary Schools.

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Arrests have been made supporting the belief some "qualified patients" purchase marijuana with a Doctor's recommendation, then supply it to their friends for illicit use. Criminal investigation has also revealed the business is obtaining its marijuana from a variety of sources including marijuana smuggled into the United States from South or Central America. Besides selling a variety of qualities of dried marijuana, the business also sells marijuana plants and food products made with concentrated cannabis, heavily laden with THC.

The Police Department has conservatively estimated the "420 Primary Caregivers" business to be generating approximately \$50,000.00 a week income.

The above facts are within my personal knowledge and I am competent to testify to 8. their truth if called as a witness.

I declare under of perjury under laws of State of California that the forgoing is true and correct.

Executed this 27th day of June, 2005.

Sergeant Tim Miller

Supervisor, Street Narcotic Unit Anaheim Police Department

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## NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON PROPOSED EXTENSION OF INTERIM ORDINANCE NO. 2005-0042U

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that a public hearing will be held before the Board of Supervisors, in Room 381, Hall of Administration, 500 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, California at **9:30 a.m., on July 12, 2005**, pursuant to Government Code Section 65858, to hear testimony relative to the extension and possible modification of Interim Urgency Ordinance No. 2005-0042U for a period not to exceed 10 months and 15 days.

Said ordinance temporarily prohibits the establishment of medical marijuana dispensaries Countywide to allow for study of appropriate future regulation of these uses.

By order of the Board of Supervisors, County of Los Angeles this ordinance is urgently needed for the immediate preservation of the public health, safety, and general welfare of the community.

Written comments may be sent to the Executive Office of the Board of Supervisors at the above address. If you do not understand this notice or need more information, please call Mr. Leonard Erlanger at (213) 974-6432 between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m., Monday through Thursday.

"ADA ACCOMMODATIONS: If you require reasonable accommodations or auxiliary aids and services such as material in alternate format or a sign language interpreter, please contact the ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) Coordinator at (213) 974-6488 (Voice) or (213) 6172292 (TDD), with at least three business days notice".

Si no entiende este aviso o necesita mas información, por favor llame este numero (213) 974-6432.

VIOLET VARONA-LUKENS
EXECUTIVE OFFICER-CLERK OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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> Victor Wright Legal Advisor L.A. Co. Sheriff Dept. 4700 Ramona Boulevard Monterey Park, CA 9754

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